

ing between such as are provided for by permanent or temporary appropriations, and such as must be provided for by a new statute, and suggesting the means from which such expenditures are to be defrayed.

3. To suggest plans for the improvement and management of the public revenue. Suggest plans.

4. To keep and state all accounts in which the State is interested. Keep accounts.

5. To examine and settle the accounts of all persons indebted to the State, and to certify the amount or balance to the Treasurer. Examine accounts.

6. To direct and superintend the collection of all moneys due the State. Collect moneys, &c.

7. To examine and liquidate the claims of all persons against the State, in cases where there is sufficient provision of law for the payment thereof; and where there is no sufficient provision, to examine the claim and report the fact, with his opinion thereon, to the General Assembly. Examine claims.

8. To require all persons who have received any moneys belonging to the State, and have not accounted therefor, to settle their accounts. To require persons to settle, &c.

9. To draw warrants on the Treasurer for the payment of all monies directed by law to be paid out of the Treasury; but no warrant shall be drawn unless authorized by law, and every warrant shall refer to the law under which it is drawn. Draw warrants.

10. To keep in his office all leases, mortgages, bonds and other securities for money given to the people of the State, unless otherwise specially directed. Keep leases, &c.

11. To keep and preserve the certificates of stock of any kind, owned by the people of the State. Keep certificates, &c.

12. To procure from the books of the banks, in which the Treasurer makes his deposits, monthly statements of the moneys received and paid on account of the Treasurer. Procure statements of deposit.

13. To countersign and enter all checks drawn by the Treasurer, and all receipts for money paid to the Treasurer, To countersign checks, &c.